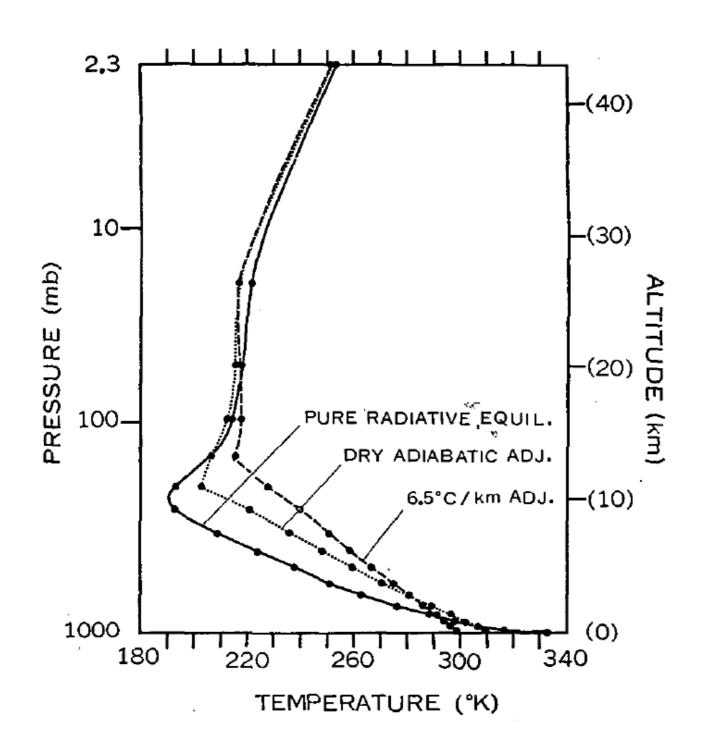
Radiative-Convective Anti-Equilibrium - The Truth about the relationship of rainfall and radiation

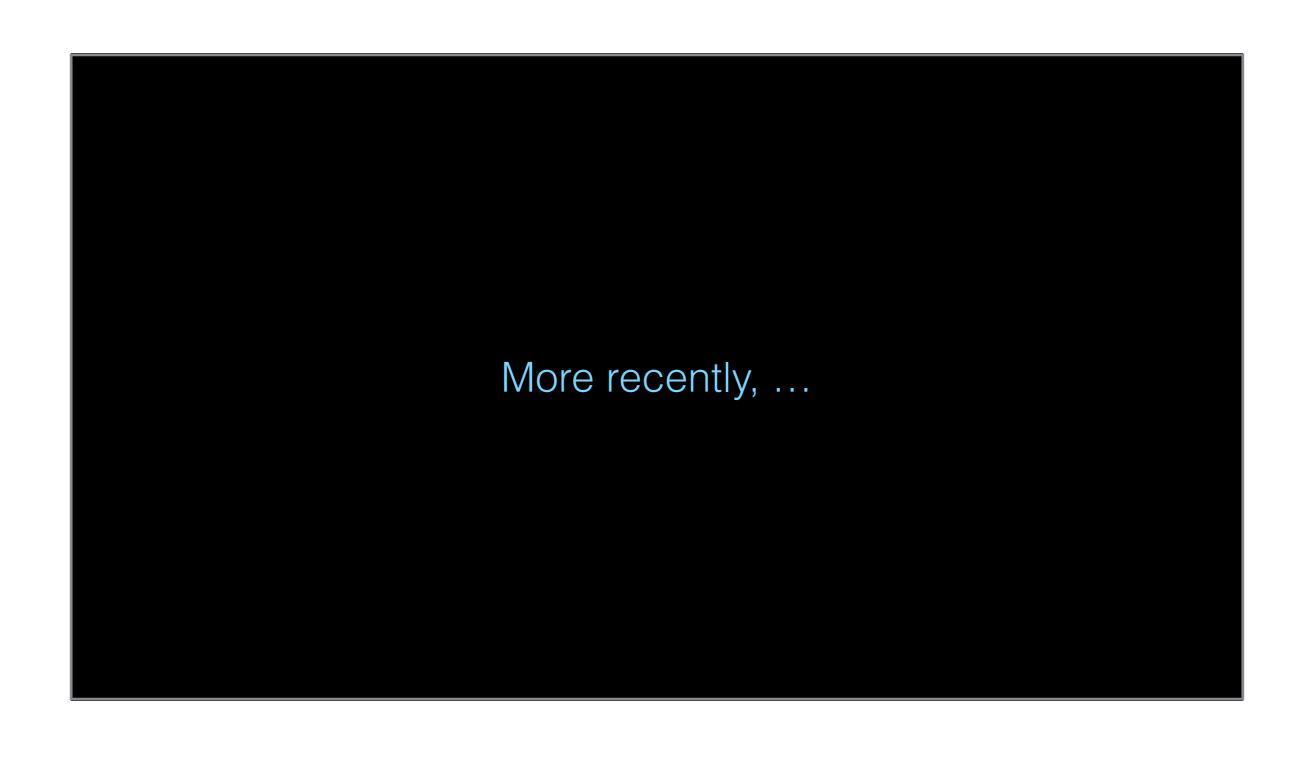
Christian Jakob¹, Leonore Jungandreas² and Martin Singh¹

¹Monash University, ²University of Leipzig

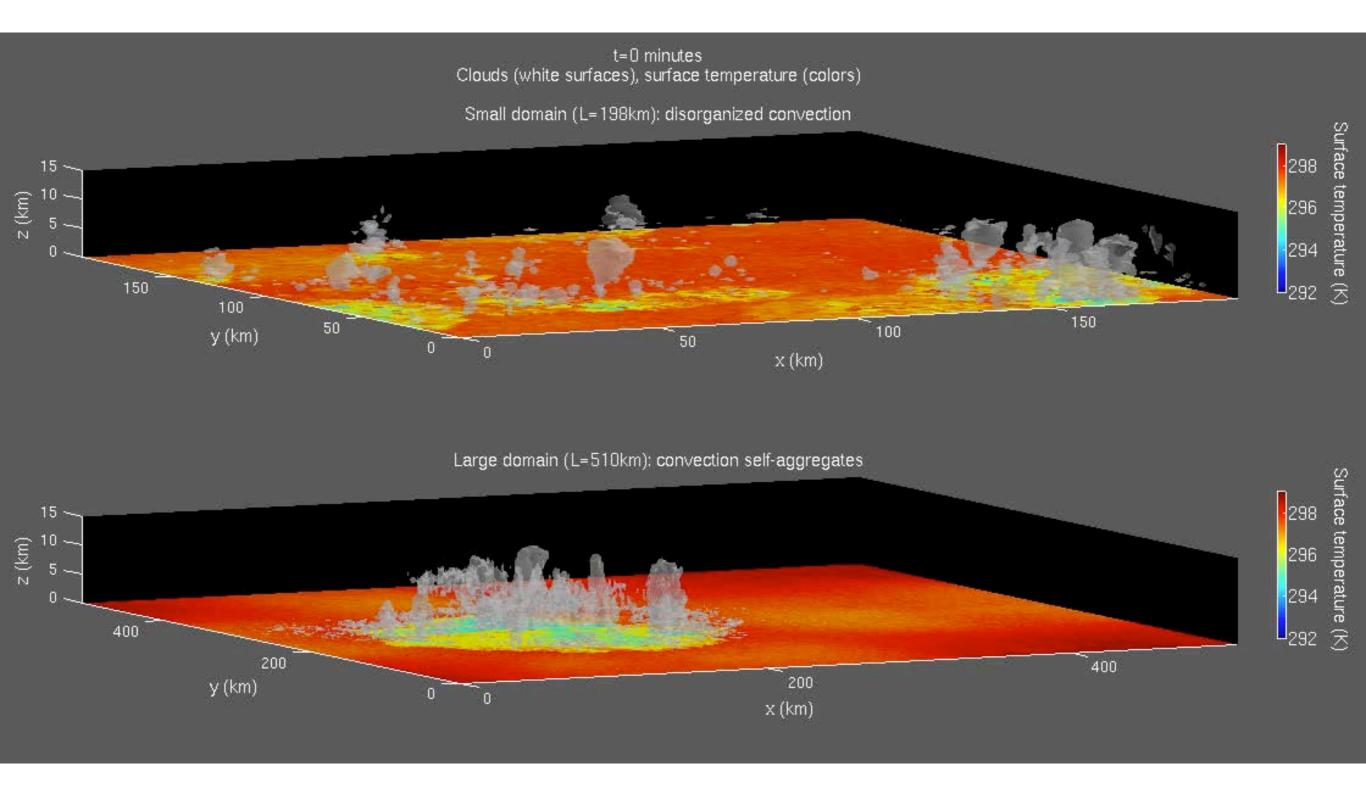
A long time ago in a galaxy far, far away....

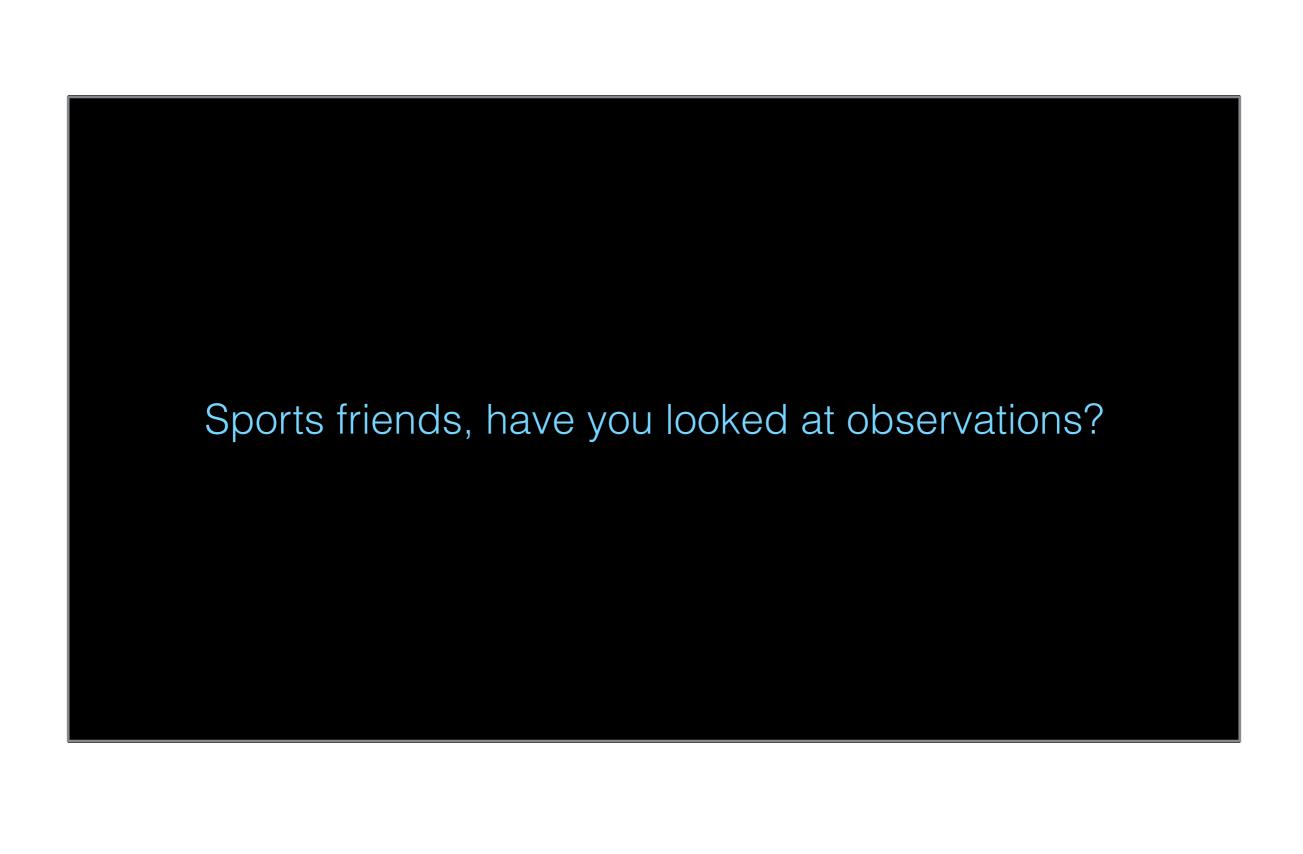
... Manabe and Strickler found that RCE is a good approximation for the Earths' average vertical temperature structure





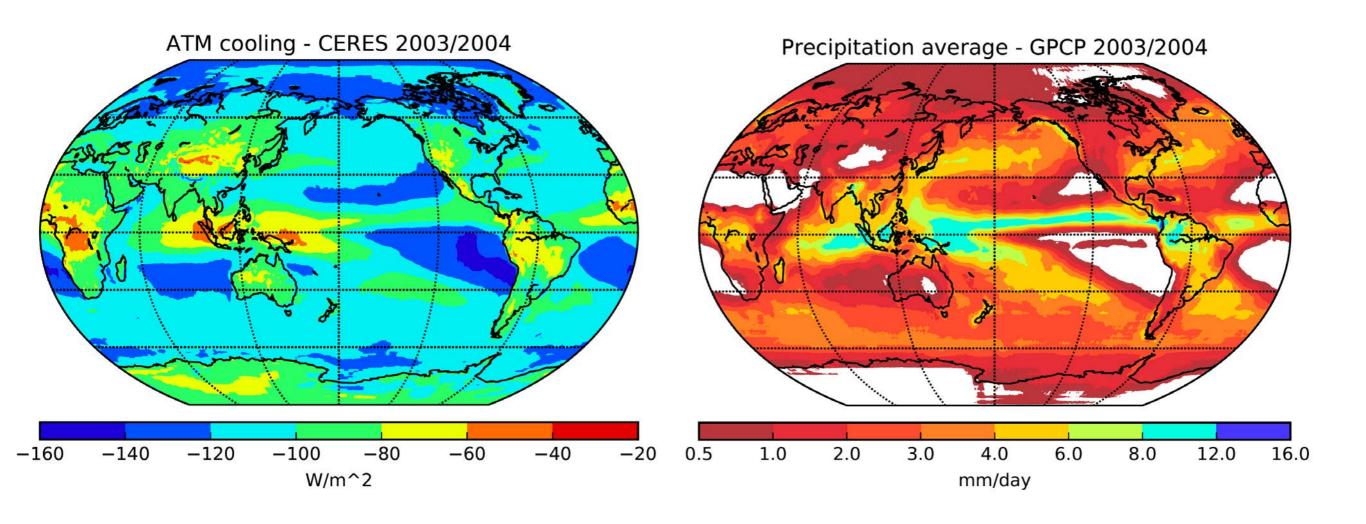
... people took their idea and applied it to smaller and smaller scales to study convection on Earth



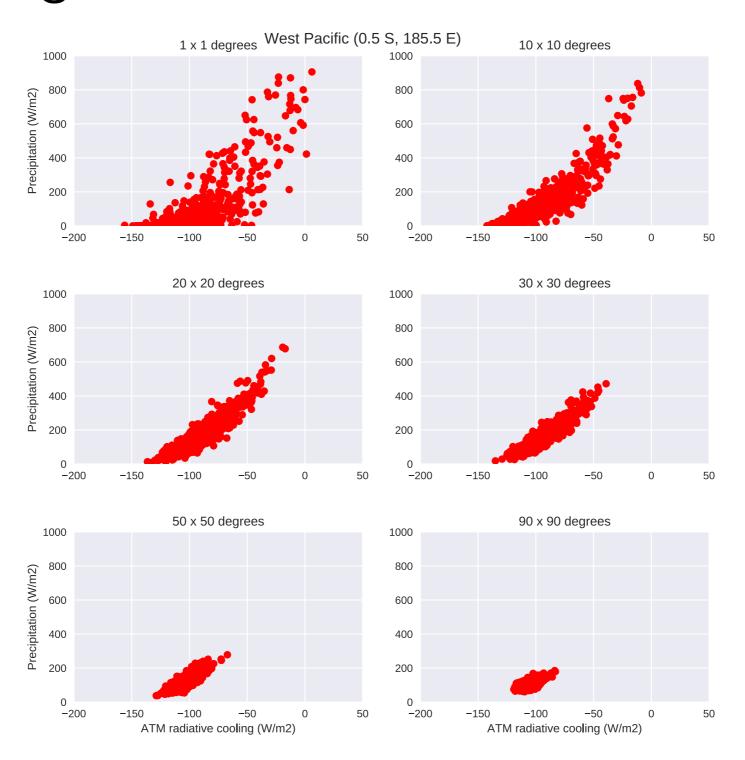


We use daily CERES TOA and surface radiative flux estimates to calculate the column radiative cooling and GPCP rainfall as our precipitation estimate.

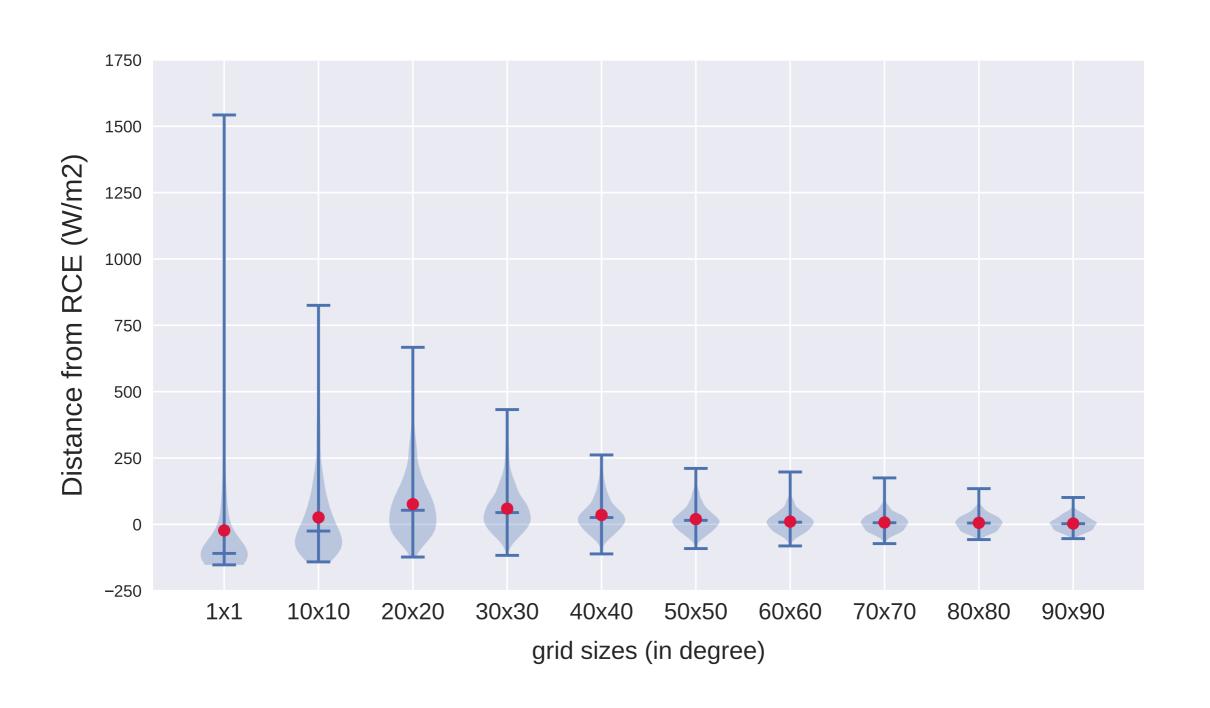
We use ISCCP cloud regimes to characterise the state of convection.



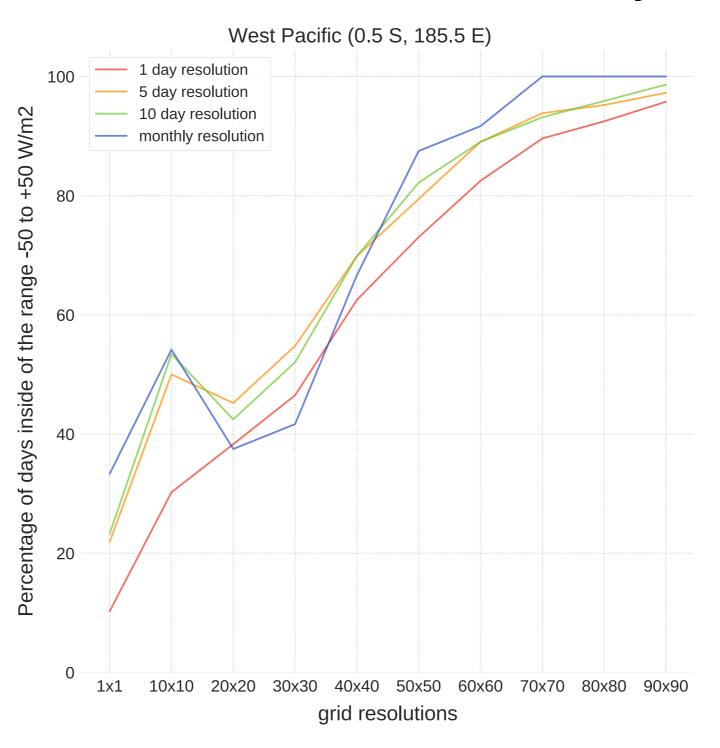
Daily analysis over the TWP reveals that the atmosphere is in Anti-RCE until we average over at least 5000x5000 km



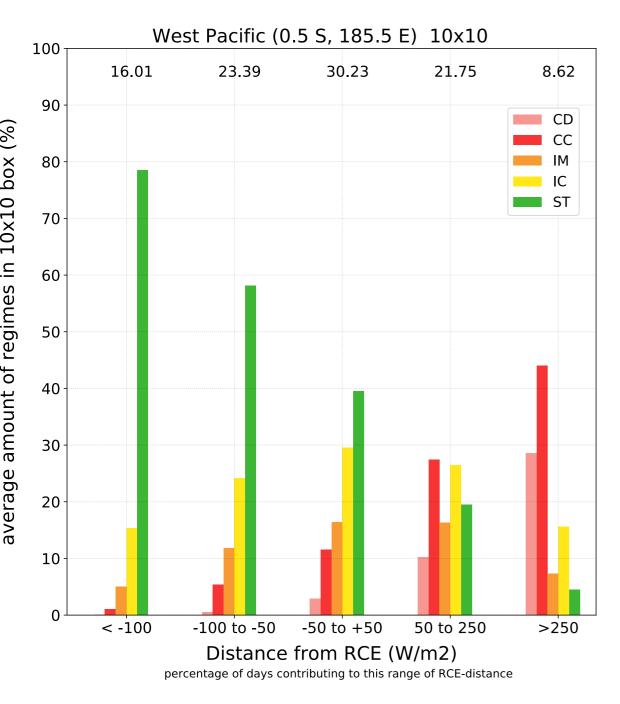
We define a "distance from RCE" as the difference between radiative cooling and precipitation

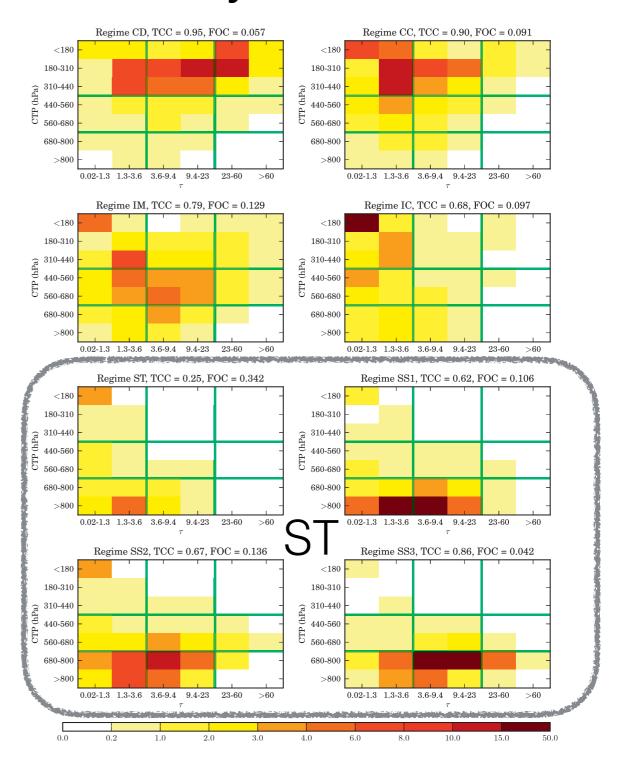


To have more than 80% of times in RCE defined as -50 to + 50 W/m2 requires large domains, even for monthly averages



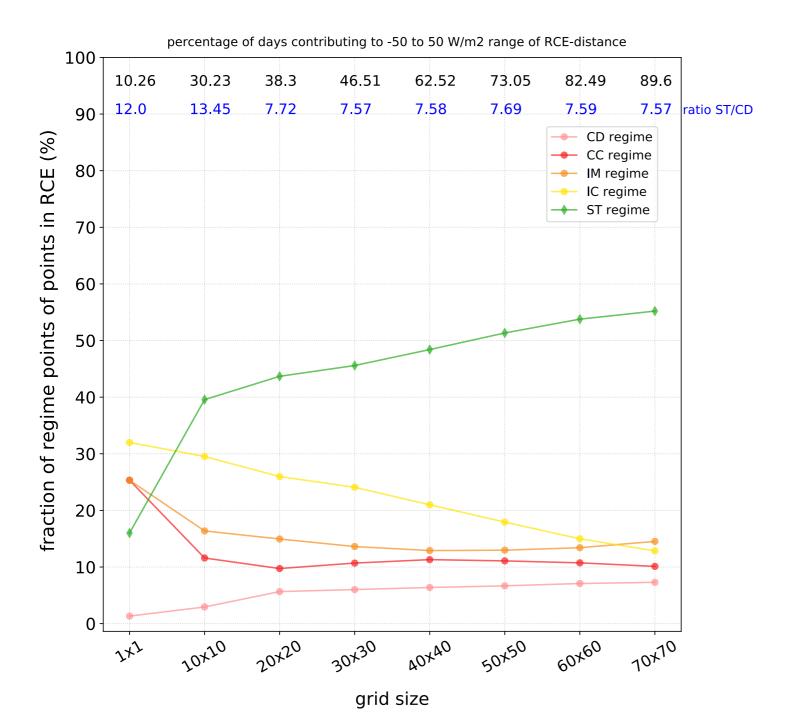
RCE and organised convection do not like each other! The most organised convection is found far away from RCE!



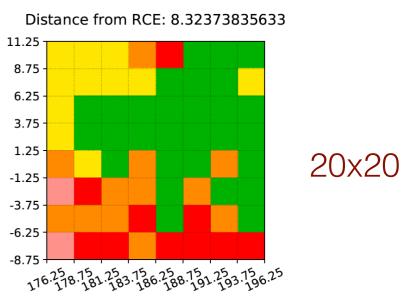


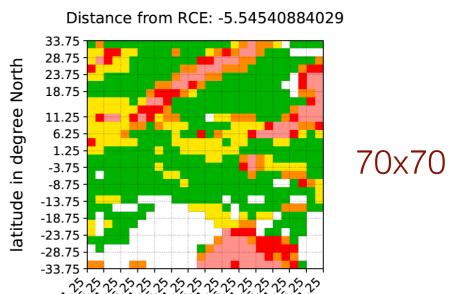
At small scales, RCE is only possible for nonorganised convection. Larger scales require a perfect mix of convection and suppressed conditions!

West Pacific (0.5 S, 185.5 E)



Snapshots





Conclusions

- Scales smaller than 5000x5000 km² are not often in RCE even for monthly averages in time. In fact, they are in Anti-RCE.
- Non-precipitating regions pull the atmosphere away from RCE, so do convecting regions, especially organised convection.
- RCE requires either an absence of organised convection (on small scales) or an "ideal" mix of organised convection and suppressed conditions.
- The ratio of suppressed to organised convection in RCE appears near-constant for scales > 2000x2000 km²